Elementary School 小学校

Keyword Game

Place an eraser (or any object) between each pair. The ALT/HRT will show them the word they have to listen for. The teacher will then start saying vocabulary words. When they say the correct word, the first student to grab the object gets a point. If they grab the object after the wrong word, the other person gets a point.

Listening, vocab practice

キーワードゲーム

ペアになった生徒達の机の間に消しゴムをおきます。教師は単語の中からキーワードを決めます。教師は単語をいくつか言います。キーワードが呼ばれた瞬間、消しゴムを先に取った生徒がポイントをゲットします。お手つきは1点減点です。

Train Game

The students will all stand up and walk around. When two students meet, they will have a brief conversation (ex. Hello! My name is...). After the conversation, they will play rock-paper-scissors. The winner becomes the front of the train and the other student will go to the back of the train. Continue until the class is one long train.

Speaking, conversation drill

電車ゲーム

生徒に席を立たせ、歩きまわせます。生徒がお互い正面に立った時、簡単な英語で会話をします (Hello! My name is...) のち、じゃんけんします。じゃんけんで勝ったの人は前、負けた人はその後ろへ、電車のようについて行きます。クラス全体が一つの長い電車になるまで続けます。

Bridge Game

In pairs: Give each pair a sheet with the desired vocabulary in a line. The students will start at opposite ends of the line and point to the pictures in order while saying the word (or using the word in a sentence). When they meet, they will do rock-paper-scissors. The winner can keep going, and the other student will start from the beginning. Each time a student gets to the end, they get a point.

As a class: The students will split into two groups. Place big cards across the room. The gameplay is the same as above, but while the winner keeps going the other team will send out the next student in line.

Speaking, vocab practice, conversation drill

ブリッジゲーム

ペアの場合:生徒に単語を一列に乗せた紙を渡します。一人は右から、もう一人は左から単語を指しながら読み上げます。二人が同じ単語に辿り着いたらジャンケンです。勝った生徒はそのままつづけ、負けた生徒は最初から読みます。最後まで読めば一点です。

クラス全体の場合:生徒を2グループに分けます。机を一列に並べ、大きいカードを乗せます。 (黒板に貼るのもよし) ルールはほぼ同じく、勝った生徒は読み続けます、負けた生徒は列の後ろに行き、選手交代となります。

Pictionary

Split the class into teams. Each team will send one student to the board. Show the selected students a vocabulary word. Then, when the ALT/HRT says "Go!" the students will begin to draw the word. The first team to guess the word gets a point.

Comprehension, speaking, vocab practice

ピクショナリー

クラスをチームに分けます。チームごとに一人ずつ黒板に送ります。黒板にきた生徒に単語を見せます。先生が「GO!」と言ったら生徒は黒板で見せられた単語の絵を描きます。最初に正しい答えをしたチームが点数をもらいます。

Touch Color

The students will gather in the center of the room in front of the ALT/HRT. The teacher will then say "Touch, blue!" (or any color) and the students will spread out to touch something in the room. When the teacher begins counting down, the students will gather in the middle again.

Listening, vocab practice

タッチ

机を後ろに下げ、生徒達に教室の中心に集めます。教師は「Touch,(色)」と言います。生徒は教室内でその色のものを探し、手を触れます。「5、4、3、2、1」とカウントダウンすると、生徒に中心に戻るよう指示します。

Musical Bingo

Give each student a bingo sheet and a card with a vocabulary word on it. Then, have the students stand up, and play music. The students will walk around while the music is playing. When the teacher stops the music, the students will find the closest person to them and exchange a short conversation using their vocabulary card (ex. What color do you like? I like blue). The student will then cross off the other student's card on their own bingo sheet, and the music will start again.

Speaking, listening, reading, conversation drill

音楽ビンゴ

生徒にビンゴシートと単語カードを一つずつ渡します。生徒には立って、音楽を再生するたびに教室内を廻らせます。音楽が止まると、一番近くにいる生徒達が英語で会話をします。 会話は単語カードに乗っている単語を使います。英会話後、お互いのビンゴシートに乗っているお互いの単語に□をつけます。ビンゴが出るまで繰り返します。

Fly Swatter Game

Place big vocabulary cards on the board. Split the students into teams (usually, 2-4 teams are best) and give each team a fly swatter. One person from each team will line up by the board (not too close) with the fly swatter. Call out a word, and the first person to hit that word with the fly swatter gets a point for their team. After each round, the fly swatters will be passed to the next person in each team.

Listening, vocab practice

ハエたたきゲーム

大きくプリントした単語カードを黒板に貼ります。クラスをチーム分けします(2~4チームがベスト)。各チーム一人を黒板に送ります。前に来た生徒にハエ叩きを渡します。単語を呼び出し、その単語を先にハエ叩きで叩いたチームがポイントゲットです。次の単語ごとに次のチームメートにハエ叩きをバトンタッチです。

My Monster

Give each student a blank sheet of paper. Tell the students that they will draw a monster, but they must listen to your instructions. Tell the students, "My monster has..." and choose a number and a part of the body (ex. My monster has 3 heads). After each instruction, give the students some time to draw. They can draw their monster however they like, but they must follow your instructions. You can also add colors or shapes if you want.

For more advanced classes, have the students give their monster a name at the end, and the students can introduce their monster. For very advanced classes, you can let the students write about their monster (ex. something that their monster likes, how old the monster is).

Listening (speaking)

Vocab practice, comprehension, body parts, numbers (and more)

私のモンスター

各生徒に白紙を与えます。自分たちのモンスターを描きます、しかし、教師の指示に従わなければいけません。生徒に「My monster has...」と体の部分と数を選びます。(私のモンスターは頭が三つあります)指示ごとに生徒に描く時間を与えます。どのように描いても良いけれど、必ず教師の指示を聞かなければなりません。色を塗るのもいいでしょう。

もっとレベルの高いクラスでは最後に生徒達に自分のモンスターに名前を与えさせ、発表させるのも良いでしょう。それ以上にレベルの高いクラスでは自分たちのモンスターの性格などについて書かせるのも良いです。

Fruits Basket

Give each student a vocabulary card. Make sure the students have the same card as at least 3 other students. Have the students sit in chairs in a circle, with one student in the middle (or have the ALT/HRT in the middle for the first round). The person in the middle will say a vocabulary word, and everyone with that vocabulary card must change seats. The last person standing has to say the next word.

You can have the students ask the person in the middle a question before each round (ex. What fruit do you like? I like... apples).

Listening, speaking, vocab practice

フルーツバスケット

生徒全員に単語カードを与えます。同じカードを四人は持っているようにしましょう。円を作るように椅子を置かせ、一人の生徒には真ん中に立たせます。(最初の一回は ALT か HRT が真ん中でデモをします。)真ん中に立っている人が単語を言います。言われた単語のカードを持っている人は椅子を変えなければなりません。椅子を取られた人が次の単語を言います。

毎回真ん中に立っている人に質問をするのも良いでしょう。 (ex. What fruit do you like? I like... apples).

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL

中学校

Who Am I?

Give your students a sheet with different popular characters. List 4 pieces of information under each character (for example, if you are doing the grammar point "Which," list which sport they play, which food they want, which color they like, etc.). Make sure the categories are the same for all characters, and have some of the information overlap between characters, but each character should have a unique set of information. Let the students choose one character, but they can't tell anyone else who they chose (have the students circle or write the name of the character). Then, have the students get up and find another student. The students will play rock-paper-scissors. The winner asks the first question. After they get the answer, the student can make a guess about which character the other person chose. If they chose wrong, the other student gets to ask a question. Keep going until someone chooses right. The person who guesses first wins. If a student wins 5 times, they get a sticker.

Speaking, listening

Conversation drill, grammar drill

私は誰でしょう?

生徒に様々な有名なキャラクターが乗っている紙を与えます。各キャラクターの下に4つの情報を与えます。情報のカテゴリーは全部一緒でなければなりません。いくつかの情報を被らせます。生徒に誰にも教えないようにキャラクターを一つ選べさせます。ここで生徒達に立たせ、他の生徒達と交流させます。ジャンケンをし、勝ったほうが先に質問を聞きます。(which food do they want? which color do they like? etc.) 答えを聞き、どのキャラクターか推測します。負けたら相手が質問をします。最初に正解を言い当てたほうが勝ちです。 5 回勝った生徒には報酬としてシールをあげましょう。

Conversation Bingo

This is like Musical Bingo under Elementary School. Give each student a bingo sheet and a card with a vocabulary term from the sheet. Have the students stand up and go around having a conversation using target grammar using their vocabulary card (for example, if you are doing the grammar point "Will," have the students say, "What will you do this weekend? I will watch a movie. What will you do this weekend? I will go to Tokyo.). After each conversation, the students should switch cards and cross off their new card. If a student crosses off all the vocabulary terms in the row, they get Bingo and can get a sticker.

Speaking, conversation drill, vocab practice, grammar drill

会話ビンゴ

音楽ビンゴと同様のゲームです。生徒にビンゴシートと単語カードを渡します。生徒に立たせ、交流させます。自分の単語と現に習っているグラマーポイントを使わせます。(例えば「Will」を習っている場合、生徒に「What will you do this weekend?」「I will go to Tokyo.」と言わせます。)会話ごとに単語カードを交

換します。新たにもらったカードごとビンゴシートに□をつけます。ビンゴした生徒にはシールをあげましょう。

Guess Who

The ALT/JTE will put up a lot of pictures of famous people, characters, animals, or other teachers on the board. They will then begin to read aloud hints about which person they are talking about. When a student thinks they know, they can raise their hand and guess. If the student guesses right, they get a sticker.

Listening, speaking, vocab practice, grammar

だーれだ

黒板に有名な人物、キャラクター、動物や他の先生達の写真を載せます。どれか人物やキャラクターのヒントを次々言います。生徒には手を上げて推測させます。生徒が当たりを言えばシールをあげます。

Matching

Split the class into small groups. Give each group a set of matching cards, with each card having a matching pair. Have the groups spread the cards out, facing down. Each person will take turns turning over a card, saying the name of the vocabulary word, and turning over another card. If the cards are a match, the student can keep the cards. If not, the student will flip them back over again, and the next student will try. The student with the most cards in the end wins.

You can have them match capital letters to lowercase letters, or have them match opposites. You can also have students match parts of a sentence (ex. I eat ice cream every day --- because it is delicious).

Speaking, comprehension (reading), vocab practice

神経衰弱

クラスをグループ分けします。グループごとにマッチングカードを渡します。各カードごとマッチングするペアがあります。カードを裏返しのまま広げます。一人ずつカードをめくります。めくったカードは声に出させて読ませましょう。マッチが出たらカードをキープします。間違えたら次の生徒に行きます。一番カードをキープした生徒の勝ちです。

アルファベットの大文字と小文字や対義語をマッチングさせるのも良いでしょう。文章をマッチングするのも可能です。(私はアイスを毎日食べます。一 美味しいからです。)